1	SOCIAL SECURITY TAX AMENDMENTS
2	2021 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Walt Brooks
5	Senate Sponsor: Wayne A. Harper
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill provides for an individual income tax credit for certain social security benefits.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	defines terms;
13	 enacts a tax credit for social security benefits that are included in the claimant's
14	federal adjusted gross income;
15	 provides that an individual who claims the tax credit for social security benefits may
16	not also claim the retirement tax credit;
17	 grants rulemaking authority to the State Tax Commission; and
18	 makes technical and conforming changes.
19	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
20	None
21	Other Special Clauses:
22	This bill provides retrospective operation.
23	Utah Code Sections Affected:
24	AMENDS:
25	59-10-1002.2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 263
26	59-10-1019, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 389
27	ENACTS:



H.B. 86 12-30-20 4:48 PM

59-10-1042, Otan Code Annotated 1953	
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:	
Section 1. Section 59-10-1002.2 is amended to read:	
59-10-1002.2. Apportionment of tax credits.	
(1) A nonresident individual or a part-year resident individual that claims a tax cre	edit
in accordance with Section 59-10-1017, 59-10-1018, 59-10-1019, 59-10-1022, 59-10-102	3,
59-10-1024, [or] 59-10-1028, or 59-10-1042 may only claim an apportioned amount of the	e tax
credit equal to:	
(a) for a nonresident individual, the product of:	
(i) the state income tax percentage for the nonresident individual; and	
(ii) the amount of the tax credit that the nonresident individual would have been	
allowed to claim but for the apportionment requirements of this section; or	
(b) for a part-year resident individual, the product of:	
(i) the state income tax percentage for the part-year resident individual; and	
(ii) the amount of the tax credit that the part-year resident individual would have be	een
allowed to claim but for the apportionment requirements of this section.	
(2) A nonresident estate or trust that claims a tax credit in accordance with Section	a
59-10-1017, 59-10-1020, 59-10-1022, 59-10-1024, or 59-10-1028 may only claim an	
apportioned amount of the tax credit equal to the product of:	
(a) the state income tax percentage for the nonresident estate or trust; and	
(b) the amount of the tax credit that the nonresident estate or trust would have been	n
allowed to claim but for the apportionment requirements of this section.	
Section 2. Section 59-10-1019 is amended to read:	
59-10-1019. Definitions Nonrefundable retirement tax credit.	
(1) As used in this section:	
(a) "Eligible [age 65 or older retiree] claimant" means a claimant, regardless of when the control of the contr	nether
that claimant is retired, who[:] was born on or before December 31, 1952.	
[(i) is 65 years of age or older; and]	
[(ii) was born on or before December 31, 1952.]	
[(b) (i) "Eligible retirement income" means income received by an eligible under a	ige

12-30-20 4:48 PM H.B. 86

59	65 retiree as a pension or annuity if that pension or annuity is:
60	[(A) paid to the eligible under age 65 retiree or the surviving spouse of an eligible
61	under age 65 retiree; and]
62	[(B) (I) paid from an annuity contract purchased by an employer under a plan that
63	meets the requirements of Section 404(a)(2), Internal Revenue Code;]
64	[(II) purchased by an employee under a plan that meets the requirements of Section
65	408, Internal Revenue Code; or]
66	[(III) paid by:]
67	[(Aa) the United States;]
68	[(Bb) a state or a political subdivision of a state; or]
69	[(Cc) the District of Columbia.]
70	[(ii) "Eligible retirement income" does not include amounts received by the spouse of a
71	living eligible under age 65 retiree because of the eligible under age 65 retiree's having been
72	employed in a community property state.]
73	[(c) "Eligible under age 65 retiree" means a claimant, regardless of whether that
74	claimant is retired, who:]
75	[(i) is younger than 65 years of age;]
76	[(ii) was born on or before December 31, 1952; and]
77	[(iii) has eligible retirement income for the taxable year for which a tax credit is
78	claimed under this section.]
79	[(d)] (b) "Head of household filing status" [is as] means the same as that term is
80	defined in Section 59-10-1018.
81	[(e)] (c) "Joint filing status" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Section
82	59-10-1018.
83	[(f)] (d) "Married filing separately status" means a married individual who:
84	(i) does not file a single federal individual income tax return jointly with that married
85	individual's spouse for the taxable year; and
86	(ii) files a single federal individual income tax return for the taxable year.
87	[(g)] (e) "Modified adjusted gross income" means the sum [of an eligible age 65 or
88	older retiree's or eligible under age 65 retiree's] of the following for an eligible claimant or, if
89	the eligible claimant's return under this chapter is allowed a joint filing status, the eligible

H.B. 86 12-30-20 4:48 PM

90	claimant and the eligible claimant's spouse:
91	(i) adjusted gross income for the taxable year for which a tax credit is claimed under
92	this section;
93	(ii) any interest income that is not included in adjusted gross income for the taxable
94	year described in Subsection (1)[(g)](e)(i); and
95	(iii) any addition to adjusted gross income required by Section 59-10-114 for the
96	taxable year described in Subsection (1)[(g)](e)(i).
97	[(h)] (f) "Single filing status" means a single individual who files a single federal
98	individual income tax return for the taxable year.
99	(2) Except as provided in Section 59-10-1002.2 and [subject to] Subsections (3)
100	[through (5): (a)] and (4), each eligible [age 65 or older retiree] claimant may claim a
101	nonrefundable tax credit of \$450 against taxes otherwise due under this part[; or].
102	[(b) each eligible under age 65 retiree may claim a nonrefundable tax credit against
103	taxes otherwise due under this part in an amount equal to the lesser of:]
104	[(i) \$288; or]
105	[(ii) the product of:]
106	[(A) the eligible under age 65 retiree's eligible retirement income for the taxable year
107	for which the eligible under age 65 retiree claims a tax credit under this section; and]
108	[(B) 6%.]
109	[(3) A tax credit under this section may not be carried forward or carried back.]
110	(3) (a) An eligible claimant may not:
111	(i) carry forward or carry back the amount of a tax credit under this section that
112	exceeds the eligible claimant's tax liability for the taxable year; or
113	(ii) claim a tax credit under this section and a tax credit under Section 59-10-1042.
114	(b) An eligible claimant who qualifies for a tax credit under this section and a tax
115	credit under Section 59-10-1042 may elect whether to claim a tax credit under this section or a
116	tax credit under Section 59-10-1042.
117	(4) The [sum of the tax credits] $\underline{\text{tax credit}}$ allowed by Subsection (2) claimed on [one] $\underline{\text{a}}$
118	return filed under this part shall be reduced by \$.025 for each dollar by which modified
119	adjusted gross income for purposes of the return exceeds:
120	(a) for a federal individual income tax return that is allowed a married filing separately

12-30-20 4:48 PM H.B. 86

121	status, \$16,000;
122	(b) for a federal individual income tax return that is allowed a single filing status,
123	\$25,000;
124	(c) for a federal individual income tax return that is allowed a head of household filing
125	status, \$32,000; or
126	(d) for a return under this chapter that is allowed a joint filing status, \$32,000.
127	[(5) For purposes of determining the ownership of items of retirement income under
128	this section, common law doctrine shall be applied in all cases even though some items of
129	retirement income may have originated from service or investments in a community property
130	state.]
131	Section 3. Section 59-10-1042 is enacted to read:
132	59-10-1042. Nonrefundable tax credit for social security benefits.
133	(1) As used in this section:
134	(a) "Head of household filing status" means the same as that term is defined in Section
135	<u>59-10-1018.</u>
136	(b) "Joint filing status" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-10-1018.
137	(c) "Married filing separately status" means a married individual who:
138	(i) does not file a single federal individual income tax return jointly with that married
139	individual's spouse for the taxable year; and
140	(ii) files a single federal individual income tax return for the taxable year.
141	(d) "Modified adjusted gross income" means the sum of the following for a claimant
142	or, if the claimant's return under this chapter is allowed a joint filing status, the claimant and
143	the claimant's spouse:
144	(i) adjusted gross income for the taxable year for which a tax credit is claimed under
145	this section;
146	(ii) any interest income that is not included in adjusted gross income for the taxable
147	year described in Subsection (1)(d)(i); and
148	(iii) any addition to adjusted gross income required by Section 59-10-114 for the
149	taxable year described in Subsection (1)(d)(i).
150	(e) "Single filing status" means a single individual who files a single federal individual
151	income tax return for the taxable year.

H.B. 86 12-30-20 4:48 PM

152	(f) "Social security benefit" means an amount received by a claimant as a monthly
153	benefit in accordance with the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 401 et seq.
154	(2) Except as provided in Section 59-10-1002.2 and Subsections (3) and (4), each
155	claimant on a return that receives a social security benefit may claim a nonrefundable tax credit
156	against taxes otherwise due under this part equal to the product of:
157	(a) the percentage listed in Subsection 59-10-104(2); and
158	(b) the claimant's social security benefit that is included in adjusted gross income on
159	the claimant's federal income tax return for the taxable year.
160	(3) (a) A claimant may not:
161	(i) carry forward or carry back the amount of a tax credit under this section that
162	exceeds the claimant's tax liability for the taxable year; or
163	(ii) claim a tax credit under this section and a tax credit under Section 59-10-1019.
164	(b) A claimant that qualifies for a tax credit under this section and a tax credit under
165	Section 59-10-1019 may elect whether to claim a tax credit under this section or a tax credit
166	under Section 59-10-1019.
167	(4) The tax credit allowed by Subsection (2) claimed on a return filed under this part
168	shall be reduced by \$.025 for each dollar by which modified adjusted gross income for
169	purposes of the return exceeds:
170	(a) for a federal individual income tax return that is allowed a married filing separately
171	status, $\hat{H} \rightarrow [\$22,500]$ $\$25,000 \leftarrow \hat{H}$;
172	(b) for a federal individual income tax return that is allowed a single filing status,
173	<u>\$30,000;</u>
174	(c) for a federal individual income tax return that is allowed a head of household filing
175	status, $\hat{H} \rightarrow [\$45,000]$ $\$50,000 \leftarrow \hat{H}$; or
176	(d) for a return under this chapter that is allowed a joint filing status, $\hat{H} \rightarrow [\$45,900]$
176a	<u>\$50,000</u> ←Ĥ <u>.</u>
177	(5) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
178	commission may make rules governing the calculation and method for claiming the tax credit
179	described in this section.
180	Section 4. Retrospective operation.
181	This bill has retrospective operation for a taxable year beginning on or after January 1,
182	<u>2021.</u>